Bluetooth® Low Energy & Zigbee Multi-protocol Concurrency

- Fundamentals and hands-on Practice

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SimpleLink[™] MCU platform



The SimpleLink[™] SDK

The SimpleLink SDK is designed for simplified development within one environment using industry standard APIs, TI Drivers, and TI RTOS to provide a robust foundation for application development

- 100% application code compatibility across SimpleLink MCU portfolio
- TI Drivers offers standardized set of functional APIs for integrated peripherals
- Integrated TI-RTOS, a robust, intelligent kernel for complete, out-of-the-box development
- POSIX-compatible APIs offer flexible
 OS/kernels support
- Encryption-enabled security features
- IoT stacks and plugins to add functionality to your design





Invest once, reuse effortlessly





SimpleLink[™] Portfolio redefining scalability



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

More memory Multi-step approach from

Why TI SimpleLink[™] MCUs?



- Breadth of wireless technologies
- Concurrent multiprotocol
- Multi-band SD radio for LP IoT
- Dual-band Wi-Fi



- Low energy radios
- Extended range
- ULP Sensor Controller
- Wi-Fi LP IoT
- Best-in-class standby



- FIPS 140-Level 1
- Offload CPU bandwidth – HW crypto accelerators
- Secure boot



- BAW: First crystalless wireless SoC
- Future-proof with 5GHz Wi-Fi



SimpleLink[™] CC26xx hardware platform



SimpleLink[™] Multi-standard CC26x2R Key features and benefits

Connect the building, home and grid

with the lowest-power, multi-standard devices for Bluetooth 5, Thread and Zigbee

Consistently the lowest power in the industry - 10-year operation on a coin cell battery

- ✓ Ultra-low power sensor controller
- ✓ 0.8uA standby current

Expanded applications - enhanced features and more memory

- ✓ Multi-standard support for Bluetooth[®] 5, Thread, and Zigbee
- ✓ 608 KB of non-volatile memory including 352KB flash, 256KB ROM (with BLE stack embedded), 80KB RAM
- Hardware security accelerators AES-256, ECC and RSA public key, SHA2-512, True Random Number Generator (TRNG)

Fast time to market - comprehensive software offerings and training

- SimpleLink SDK with code portability to the SimpleLink platform devices
- SimpleLink Academy training environment





SimpleLink CC26x2R One architecture, several technologies





SimpleLink CC26x2R Architecture



Key Features

More memory

- 608 KB non-volatile memory
- 352kB kB Flash memory for application code + 256 KB ROM
- 80kB SRAM
- Device is equivalent to a 512kB device (including BLE5 stack, TI-RTOS, 15.4 High layer MAC in ROM)

More peripherals

- Enhanced security (hardware acceleration, AES-128/256, SHA2-512, ECC, RSA-2048)
- 1 Additional UART

Lower power

- · Faster start-up times
- Standby current as low as 0.9uA
- Ultra-low power sensor controller with current consumption as low as 1 uA during operation

More processing power

- ARM Cortex M4F core (1-cycle MAC, SIMD, floating-point)
- 7x7mm pin compatible with CC2640R2F



SimpleLink CC26x2R Sensor controller



SPI reading - Wake ups per second	Cortex-M4, 48 MHz	Sensor controller, 24 MHz	Sensor controller, 2 MHz
1	2.4 uA	1.5	1.0 uA
20	25.4 uA	4.0 uA	1.4 uA
100	119 uA	15.6 uA	3.0 uA

Example application	Power consumption
Flow metering	► 16-Hz: 1.7 uA
Motion detector monitoring output from a PIR	Reading Comp A @ 100 Hz: 1.9 uA
Thermostat external temp sensor reporting back to main thermostat	ADC sampling @ 1Hz: 1uA



TI BAW – Crystal-less wireless MCU





TI BAW – Crystal-less wireless MCU





Featured Technologies

Bluetooth® 5



What's new with Bluetooth[®] 5? Longer range, higher speed, more data, diverse applications.





Bluetooth® 5: higher speed

- Double symbol rate compared to 1M
- Almost half the energy consumption per frame
- Twice as fast?
 - Still inter-frame spacing of 150µs contributing to overhead
 - On the other hand, can use data-length extension



"Empty PDU" connection event



Bluetooth[®] 5: higher speed

New 2Mbps LE PHY mode

- 2x throughput compared to BT4.x LE
 - 2 MSymbol/s rate un-coded
 - Backwards compatible with BLE4.x 1Mbps devices since LE Controllers negotiate link speed

BLE 4.0/4.1	BLE 4.2	BLE 5.0
1Mbps PHY27 byte PDU	 1Mbps PHY 27-255 byte PDU with Data Length Extension 	 2Mpbs PHY 27-255 byte PDU with Data Length Extension
305 kbps	780 kbps	1.4 Mbps

Maximum throughput (LE) by specification



Bluetooth[®] 5: longer range

Increased receiver performance with LE-coded PHY

- Bluetooth Low Energy 4.x uses 1Mbps un-coded PHY
 - 1:1 ratio between transmitted data bits and over-the-air modulated symbols
 - Single bit error in transmission requires re-transmission of entire PDU (CRC error)
 - Good for low-noise or shorter range communication
- Bluetooth 5 introduces Coded PHY rates of 500kbps and 125kbps
 - Uses Forward Error Correction (FEC) to code the payload data bits 1:2
 - This can be used as is with a data rate of 500 kbps (N = 2 coding)
 - The bits can be expanded 1:4 (a '0' expands to '0011' and a '1' is expanded to '1100')
 - Gives a data rate of 125 kpbs (N = 8 coding)
 - More over-the-air modulated symbols are used for each actual data bit. This makes it easier for the receiver to distinguish the signal over noise and sensitivity improves
 - RX current consumption is unchanged compared to un-coded PHY



Bluetooth® link budget improvement

- RF link budget is the ratio between the transmit RF power and the receiver sensitivity level
- Link budget can be increased by:
 - Increasing output power
 - Which will increase current consumption
 - Current consumption typically increases signifincantly above 0 dBm for available BLE wireless MCUs
 - Data rate is unchanged
 - Improving receiver sensitivity through coding techniques
 - Current consumption is unchanged
 - Data rate is reduced
 - Leveraged in BT5 Coded PHYs (500 kbps and 125 kbps)



Bluetooth® 5: advertisement extension

- Legacy Bluetooth Low Energy advertisement
 - Primary channels: 37, 38, 39
 - PDU size 6-37 bytes at 100ms non-connectable or 20ms connectable max rate
 - PHY: 1Mbps only
- New advertising channel extension PDU: ADV EXT IND
 - Allows up to 248 byte ADV payload by offloading payload to data channels
 - Supports any PHY
 - Reduces traffic on ADV channels



20

Advertisement extensions (AE)

- Simple peripheral
 - Connection event on coded PHY
 - Connectable advertising on 1M and coded.



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

ADV_EXT_IND

coded PHY pointer to coded

🗉 🎬 Link-Layer Packet		🖃 🎬 Link-Layer Packet	
🖃 🔩 Header		🗆 🔩 Header	
PDU Type	ADV_EXT_IND	PDU Type	ADV_EXT_IND
🧼 Payload Length	7	🧼 Payload Length	7
ExtendedHeaderLength	6	ExtendedHeaderLength	6
Adv Mode	Connectable / Non Scannable	🧼 Adv Mode	Connectable / Non Scannable
🖃 🔩 Extended Header		😑 🔩 Extended Header	
🧼 Flags	AdvDataInfo AuxPtr	Flags	AdvDataInfo AuxPtr
🖃 🔩 Adv Data Info		🖃 🔩 Adv Data Info	
Advertising Data ID (DID)	0x77B	Advertising Data ID (DID)	0x77B
Advertising Set ID (SID)	0x0	Advertising Set ID (SID)	0x0
😑 🕂 Auxiliary Packet Pointer		😑 🔩 Auxiliary Packet Pointer	
🧼 LL Channel	4 (data) (RF 5, 2412 Mhz)	LL Channel	4 (data) (RF 5, 2412 Mhz)
CA (Clock Accuracy)	0 ppm to 50 ppm	CA (Clock Accuracy)	0 ppm to 50 ppm
🧼 Offset Units	30 µs	Offset Units	30 µs
Auxiliary Offset	1.74 ms [0.022 758 719]	Auxiliary Offset	870 us [0.022 762 719]
Auxiliary PHY	LE Coded	Auxiliary PHY	LE Coded

No advertiser address but has data ID and det ID to prevent unneeded scans



22

AUX_ADV_IND - coded PHY data / pointee

- · Like a normal advertisement
- Extra headers
 - Can point to even more data
 - Does not have to include adv addr



Featured Technologies

TI's dynamic multi-protocol manager (DMM)



What is Zigbee? Architecture and technical details



Zigbee software architecture

Zigbee mesh network topology



What is Zigbee? Device types





DMM in building automation



Existing Zigbee home network



Zigbee + Bluetooth[®] Low Energy: 1 chip, multi-protocol solution Introducing the dynamic multi-protocol manager



• Previously, this system could require 3 separate products:



• Now with the DMM, TI has a multi-protocol solution with only one chip:





Future-proof: Add concurrent mode *Bluetooth*[®] Low Energy to your network

- · Powered by innovative software IP dynamic multi-protocol manager
- Allows multiple stacks to run on the same device running concurrently
- Uses a policy manger and scheduler to dynamically arbitrate the RF resource
- Makes scheduling decisions based on the current policy decision which the developer can change to suit their needs





DMM architecture overview

- The DMM will intercept calls to the RF driver & can potentially modify the order in which commands are scheduled based on requirements of the stack & application
- The scheduler will inspect the command sent to the RF driver & based on policy will:
 - Schedule command as is
 - Cancel command
 - Change priority of command based on current policy & stack state
- PHY Switchover Time 400 usec (600 usec application level)





Bluetooth® Low Energy + Zigbee: 1 chip, multi-protocol solution

- Using TI's multi-protocol solution, the DMM can allow Zigbee and BLE to run concurrently on a single chip.
- For example, adding a light switch into a Zigbee home network becomes highly simplified by using a BLE interface.
- With a Zigbee end device, you can add BLE connectivity to your phone. This end device will be in RX most of the time, and BLE will have periodic connection events.



Hands-on: Bluetooth[®] Low Energy + Zigbee



Bluetooth[®] Low Energy + second network concurrent mode available today

- Web landing page
- **Technical note** ٠

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• SW examples (BLE + Sub-1GHz, BLE + Zigbee)

		Zigbee®a	alarm messag I	e pre-empts I	BLE task	
Bluetooth O' low energy			Ala trig	arm gered		
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	Bluetooth 6' low energy Zigbee®	Bluetooth O Jugbee®	Bluetooth 6' Zigbee®	Bluetooth O Zigbee® Time	Suetooth O Aarm Zigbee® Image: Comparison of the second of th	



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 Documents Examples 			The Marten
Pevelopment Tools CC1312R LaunchPad CC1352P-4 LaunchPad		DMM 15.4 Sensor + BLE Remote Display	
CC1352P-2 LaunchPad		Table of Contents	
 CG1352R LaunchPad TI Drivers THROS Kernel (SYS_BIOS) TI Thread T1 15.4-Stack 		Introduction Hardnave Peregulates Software Precaulates Software Precaulates Dynamic Multi-protocol Manager Uaare Vaare	DYNAMIC MULTI-PR
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 > TI-RTOS > dmm_wsnnode_ble_sp > dmm_wsnnode_remote_d > m ES Estark 		Providence 1 > 4 sensor Restoring Reventor Settings Subtracting to SLR mode DMAL United Revents	SIMPLELINK™ MCU PLATFO
 Demos 		Introduction	
 ▶ ➡ EasyLink ▶ ⇐ CC1352P1 LaunchPad > ➡ SimpleLink Academy - v:2.20.03.05 > ➡ SimpleLink Academy 中文板 - v:1.15.05.02 		The dmm, 154sensor_remote_display project showcases a dynamic multi-protocol example which enables concurrent proprietary 802.13.4g frequ This example implements a 802.13.4g Sub TOR2 Wireless Network with a BLE Benote Display, using TIS DMM (Dynamic Multi-protocol Manager) to band features of the CC1352.	
		Win RFP	Look 1700 gard

Step 0: set Up



Zigbee coordinator light



Zigbee end device and

DMM switch



BLE peripheral

Start with 2 CC2652R devices:

- One is a Zigbee coordinator light (we will denote as ZCL)
- The other is the DMM switch and Zigbee end device (we will denote as ZED)



Step 1: flash the devices

- Flash with the binary files provided using Uniflash
- Flash one device with the DMM Switch Application and the other with the ZigBee coordinator light application provided in the `images/` directory





Step 1: flash the devices (cont.)

- Reputity Configuration X Category: • After the devices have been flashed open up a putty session to view - Session Basic options for your PuTTY session ···· Loaaina Specify the destination you want to connect to - Terminal Serial line Speed the serial output for **BOTH** device. Keyboard Device Manager X 115200 COM8 Bell File Action View Help - Features Connection type: Use the windows Device Manager to identify ○ Raw ○ Telnet ○ Rlogin ○ SSH ● Serial 🦛 🔿 📅 🕅 🕅 💭 Window Appearance Load, save or delete a stored session Mice and other pointing devices Behaviour which COM port your device is on. > Monitors Saved Sessions Translation Network adapters Selection Ports (COM & LPT) Colours Default Settings Load ECP Printer Port (LPT1) - Connection COM49 XDS110 Class Application/User UART (COM8) COM51 Data Save XDS110 Class Auxiliary Data Port (COM9) WinSCP temporary session Proxy > Print queues debian Telnet Delete Processors Rlogin 🗄 SSH Serial Close window on exit: Only on clean exit ○ Always ○ Never About Help Cancel
- Verify BOTH devices have a cleared non-volatile storage section by 'Resting to factory new'





36

Open

?

Step 1: flash the devices (cont.)

• You have now flashed a Zigbee coordinator light application and a Zigbee end device switch application!



• Please press 'e' while on in this menu to learn how to navigate the Zigbee menus.



Step 2: open Zigbee network for connections

• Navigate to the "COMMISSION" menu on the coordinator device:



• After selecting the "COMMISSION" menu item, the network will be open for new devices to join for 180 seconds:



• The coordinator board light will blink green here to indicate that it is open for connections



Step 3: connect to BLE on your phone

 Open the LightBlue app (available on both iOS and Android), and select the DMM ZED Switch





Step 4: provision the switch

- After connecting to the DMM switch, scroll down and select the provisioning characteristic
- Write a value of "aa" to the switch







Step 4: provision the switch

When the switch has joined the network, the green LED on the ZED board will turn on, and this will display on the terminal to indicate that the switch is connected to the light



Note: If your switch has joined a network but is not controlling your light correctly – it might be on the wrong network

To resolve, check PAN ID to make sure that the network matches, and that you are connected to your own coordinator light



Step 5: turn light on and off

- Go back to the DMM switch page in the LightBlue app, and select the "on/off" characteristic
- Write a value of "1" to the "on/off" characteristic
- The ZED switch UI will move over to the 'TOGGLE LIGHT' menu, and the ZCL red LED should turn on:







Step 5: turn light on and off

- Similarly, try writing a value of "0" to the "on/off" characteristic
- The ZCL red LED should turn off:

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